

## **EXHIBIT C**

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

[X] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE  
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2008

or

[ ] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE  
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission file number: 000-27927



**Charter Communications, Inc.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware  
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

43-1857213  
(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

12405 Powerscourt Drive  
St. Louis, Missouri 63131  
(Address of principal executive offices including zip code)

(314) 965-0555  
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES [X] NO [ ]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definition of "accelerated filer," "large accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer  Non-accelerated filer  
 Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes  No

Number of shares of Class A common stock outstanding as of March 31, 2008: 407,829,551  
Number of shares of Class B common stock outstanding as of March 31, 2008: 50,000

CHARTER COMMUNICATIONS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
(UNAUDITED)  
(dollars in millions, except per share amounts and where indicated)

The Company requires significant cash to fund debt service costs, capital expenditures and ongoing operations. The Company has historically funded these requirements through cash flows from operating activities, borrowings under its credit facilities, proceeds from sales of assets, issuances of debt and equity securities, and cash on hand. However, the mix of funding sources changes from period to period. For the three months ended March 31, 2008, the Company generated \$204 million of net cash flows from operating activities, after paying cash interest of \$323 million. In addition, the Company used \$408 million for purchases of property, plant and equipment and short-term investments. Finally, the Company generated net cash flows from financing activities of \$624 million, as a result of refinancing transactions completed during the quarter.

The Company expects that cash on hand, cash flows from operating activities, and the amounts available under the Charter Communications Operating, LLC ("Charter Operating") credit facilities will be adequate to fund its projected cash needs, including scheduled maturities, through 2009. The Company believes that cash flows from operating activities, and the amounts available under the Charter Operating credit facilities will not be sufficient to fund projected cash needs in 2010 (primarily as a result of the CCH II, LLC ("CCH II") \$2.2 billion of senior notes maturing in September 2010) and thereafter. The Company's projected cash needs and projected sources of liquidity depend upon, among other things, its actual results, the timing and amount of its capital expenditures, and ongoing compliance with the Charter Operating credit facilities, including obtaining an unqualified audit opinion from its independent accountants. Although the Company has been able to refinance or otherwise fund the repayment of debt in the past, it may not be able to access additional sources of refinancing on similar terms or pricing as those that are currently in place, or at all, or otherwise obtain other sources of funding. A continuation of the recent turmoil in the credit markets and the general economic downturn could adversely impact the terms and/or pricing when the Company needs to raise additional liquidity. No assurances can be given that the Company will not experience liquidity problems if it does not obtain sufficient additional financing on a timely basis as the Company's debt becomes due or because of adverse market conditions, increased competition, or other unfavorable events.

If, at any time, additional capital or borrowing capacity is required beyond amounts internally generated or available under the Company's credit facilities, the Company would consider issuing equity, issuing convertible debt or some other securities, further reducing the Company's expenses and capital expenditures, selling assets, or requesting waivers or amendments with respect to the Company's credit facilities.

If the above strategies were not successful, the Company could be forced to restructure its obligations or seek protection under the bankruptcy laws. In addition, if the Company needs to raise additional capital through the issuance of equity or finds it necessary to engage in a recapitalization or other similar transaction, the Company's shareholders could suffer significant dilution, including potential loss of the entire value of their investment, and in the case of a recapitalization or other similar transaction, the Company's noteholders might not receive principal and interest payments to which they are contractually entitled.

#### Credit Facility Availability

The Company's ability to operate depends upon, among other things, its continued access to capital, including credit under the Charter Operating credit facilities. The Charter Operating credit facilities, along with the Company's indentures and the CCO Holdings, LLC ("CCO Holdings") credit facility, contain certain restrictive covenants, some of which require the Company to maintain specified leverage ratios, meet financial tests, and provide annual audited financial statements with an unqualified opinion from the Company's independent accountants. As of March 31, 2008, the Company was in compliance with the covenants under its indentures and credit facilities, and the Company expects to remain in compliance with those covenants for the next twelve months. As of March 31, 2008, the Company's potential availability under Charter Operating's revolving credit facility totaled approximately \$1.4 billion, none of which was limited by covenant restrictions. Continued access to the Company's revolving credit facility is subject to the Company remaining in compliance with these covenants, including covenants tied to Charter Operating's leverage ratio and first lien leverage ratio. If any event of non-compliance were to occur, funding under the revolving credit facility may not be available and defaults on some or potentially all of the Company's debt obligations could occur. An event of default under any of the Company's debt instruments could result in the

Net loss. Net loss decreased by \$23 million, or 6%, for the three months ended March 31, 2008 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2007 as a result of the factors described above.

Loss per common share. During the three months ended March 31, 2008 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2007, net loss per common share decreased by \$0.07, or 7%, as a result of the factors described above.

#### Liquidity and Capital Resources

##### Introduction

This section contains a discussion of our liquidity and capital resources, including a discussion of our cash position, sources and uses of cash, access to credit facilities and other financing sources, historical financing activities, cash needs, capital expenditures and outstanding debt.

We have significant amounts of debt. Our long-term debt as of March 31, 2008 totaled \$20.6 billion, consisting of \$7.3 billion of credit facility debt, \$12.8 billion accreted value of high-yield notes, and \$406 million accreted value of convertible senior notes. For the remainder of 2008, \$53 million of our debt matures. As of March 31, 2008, our 2009 debt maturities totaled \$307 million. In 2010 and beyond, significant additional amounts will become due under our remaining long-term debt obligations.

Our business requires significant cash to fund debt service costs, capital expenditures and ongoing operations. We have historically funded these requirements through cash flows from operating activities, borrowings under our credit facilities, proceeds from sales of assets, issuances of debt and equity securities, and cash on hand. However, the mix of funding sources changes from period to period. For the three months ended March 31, 2008, we generated \$204 million of net cash flows from operating activities after paying cash interest of \$323 million. In addition, we used \$408 million for purchases of property, plant and equipment and short-term investments. Finally, we generated net cash flows from financing activities of \$624 million, as a result of refinancing transactions completed during the quarter. We expect that our mix of sources of funds will continue to change in the future based on overall needs relative to our cash flow and on the availability of funds under the credit facilities of our subsidiaries, our access to the debt and equity markets, the timing of possible asset sales, and based on our ability to generate cash flows from operating activities.

We expect that cash on hand, cash flows from operating activities, and the amounts available under Charter Operating's credit facilities will be adequate to fund our projected cash needs, including scheduled maturities, through 2009. We believe that cash flows from operating activities and the amounts available under Charter Operating's credit facilities will not be sufficient to fund projected cash needs in 2010 (primarily as a result of the CCH II, LLC ("CCH II") \$2.2 billion of senior notes maturing in September 2010) and thereafter. Our projected cash needs and projected sources of liquidity depend upon, among other things, our actual results, the timing and amount of our capital expenditures, and ongoing compliance with the Charter Operating credit facilities, including obtaining an unqualified audit opinion from our independent accountants. Although we have been able to refinance or otherwise fund the repayment of debt in the past, we may not be able to access additional sources of refinancing on similar terms or pricing as those that are currently in place, or at all, or otherwise obtain other sources of funding. A continuation of the recent turmoil in the credit markets and the general economic downturn could adversely impact the terms and/or pricing when we need to raise additional liquidity.

##### Access to Capital

Our significant amount of debt could negatively affect our ability to access additional capital in the future. Additionally, our ability to incur additional debt may be limited by the restrictive covenants in our indentures and credit facilities. No assurances can be given that we will not experience liquidity problems if we do not obtain sufficient additional financing on a timely basis as our debt becomes due or because of adverse market conditions, increased competition or other unfavorable events. If, at any time, additional capital or borrowing capacity is required beyond amounts internally generated or available under our credit facilities, we would consider:

- issuing equity that would significantly dilute existing shareholders;
- issuing convertible debt or some other securities that may have structural or other priority over our existing notes and may also, in the case of convertible debt, significantly dilute Charter's existing shareholders;
- further reducing our expenses and capital expenditures, which may impair our ability to increase revenue and